

High-Precision Tuning Fork
Electronic Balance

AJ-NT/DBNT Series

Operation Manual

IMPORTANT

- To ensure safe and proper use of the balance, please read this manual carefully.
- After reading this manual, store it in a safe place near the balance, so you can review it as needed.



SHINKO DENSHI CO., LTD.

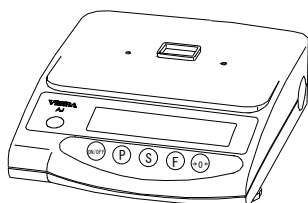
PREFACE

Thank you for purchasing an AJ Series electronic balance. This is a precision instrument equipped with exacting mechanisms in a compact body. The AJ series provides enhanced functions, including a counting mode for stock control of parts, and a limit function for measuring constant quantities by consecutive weighings. Despite its many functions, the balance is easy to operate and features user-friendly keys. Furthermore, the large liquid-crystal display provides excellent visibility, and the instrument's high speed and stability—intrinsic to a tuning fork design—help boost operational efficiency.

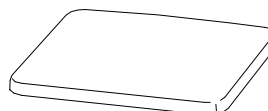
Before using the balance, please check that the following items have been included in the package.

Should you find any missing parts, please contact our local dealer.

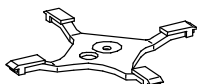
(1) Main unit of balance



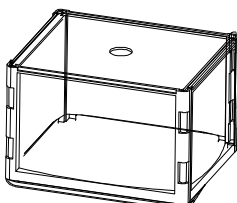
(2) Measurement pan
(one round or square pan)



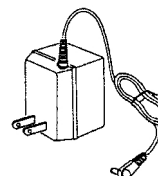
(3) Pan base
(one small for the round-pan
balance; one large for the
square-pan balance)



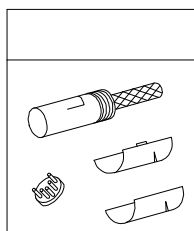
(4) Windshield
(one for round-pan
balance only)



(5) AC adapter (one)



(6) DIN5P plug set



(7) Operation manual (one)



CONTENTS

1. Precautions on the Use	2	9. Input/output functions	31
1.1 Warnings regarding Use	2	9.1 Terminal Numbers and Functions	31
1.2 For More Precise Measurements ..	5	9.2 Connection between Balances and Personal Computers	32
2. Names of Component Parts	8	9.3 Interface Specifications	33
2.1 Main Unit	8	9.4 Output Data	34
2.2 LCD Indicators and Operating Keys	9	9.5 Input Commands	36
3. Basic Operations	11	10. Operating the Balance with the Battery	38
3.1 Installation	11	10.1 Specifications	38
3.2 Operation Check	13	10.2 Charging Method	38
3.3 Operation for Zero Adjustment	14	10.3 User Precautions	38
4. Functions	16	11. Operating the Balance with the Dry Cell Battery (DBNT)	39
4.1 Setup and Checking of Functions	16	12. Troubleshooting	40
4.2 Description of Functions	17	13. Specifications	41
4.3 Interface Section	18	13.1 Basic Specifications	41
5. Switching Function for Unit of Measurement	19	13.2 Common Specifications	42
5.1 Switching Units of Measurement .	19	13.3 Capacities and Minimum Indications for Different Indication Units	43
5.2 Setup of Units of Measurement .	19	14. Conversion Table of Units	44
6. Counting Pieces	21		
6.1 Sampling	21		
6.2 Increasing the Counting Accuracy (Memory Update Method)	23		
7. Measuring Percentage (AJ-NT only) ..	24		
8. Limit Function	26		
8.1 Limit Function Setup	26		
8.2 Setup of Limit Values by Actual Quantity Loads	28		
8.3 Setting up Limit Values by Inputting Values	29		

1. Precautions on the Use

1.1 Warnings regarding Use

- This Section "Precautions Relating to Use" sets forth precautionary notes that the user should observe in order to prevent physical injury to the user and/or damage to property.
- The nature of problems that may result in the event of improper operation, and consequential effects on the quality and performance of the balance, are indicated under the two categories of "Caution" and "Recommended," and explained using symbols.



CAUTION

This symbol indicates a risk of injury or property damage if the balance is used improperly. Be sure to observe these notes to ensure safe use of the balance as the improper use may cause serious results.

RECOMMENDED

This term indicates steps that the user should take to ensure the quality and reliability of the balance.

Meanings of Symbols Each symbol is accompanied by an instruction.



Mandatory Symbol:

Indicates a "mandatory" action that should be executed without fail.



Check Level






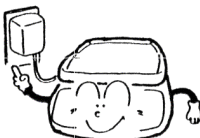


Prohibitive Symbol:


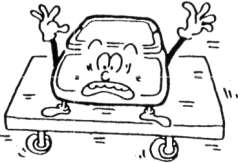

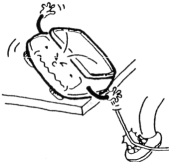

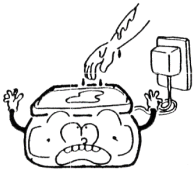






Indicates a "prohibited" action that must not be executed.







Do not Use



 Do Not Disassemble		<ul style="list-style-type: none">◆ Do not disassemble or modify the unit.<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Could cause malfunction or heat generation• Contact our local dealer.
 Do Not Deviate from Ratings		<ul style="list-style-type: none">◆ Only AC power (rated value) should be used.◆ Only use the dedicated AC adapter.<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Use of other types of power or adapters may result in heat generation or malfunction of the balance.
 Do Not Move		<ul style="list-style-type: none">◆ Do not move the balance when a sample is loaded.<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The loaded sample may fall off the measurement pan and cause an injury.

 Do Not Use		<p>◆ Do not place the balance on an unstable base or use the balance in a location where it may be subjected to shock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The loaded sample may fall off the measurement pan. • Accurate measurement may be rendered impossible.
 Do Not Drop		<p>◆ Do not lay the AC adapter cable on the surface of the passage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Somebody may trip on the cable, causing the balance to fall off, thereby causing injury and/or damage to the balance.
 Do not Handle with Wet Hands		<p>◆ Do not touch the AC adapter or balance with wet hands.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Danger of electric shock
 Keep Dry		<p>◆ Do not use the balance in a location where it may be subjected to excess moisture.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electric shock or short-circuiting could occur. • The balance may be corroded, with resultant malfunction.
 Do Not Leave Afloat		<p>◆ Do not use the balance with its adjusters lifted.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The balance will become unstable, preventing accurate measurement.
 Avoid Dust		<p>◆ Do not use the balance in a location where it may be subjected to excess dust.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Risk of explosion or fire • Short-circuit or lack of continuity may occur, leading to a malfunction of the balance.

RECOMMENDED

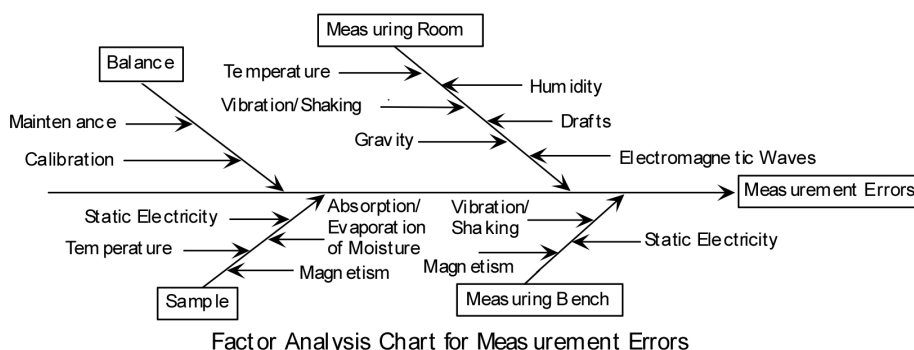
 Do Not Apply Force		<p>◆ Avoid applying excess force or impact to the balance.</p> <p>Place the sample to be measured on the balance carefully to prevent breakage or malfunction.</p>
 Do Not Use		<p>◆ Do not use the balance in a location where it may be subjected to abrupt changes in ambient temperature or humidity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accurate measurement may not be obtained. • Optimum operations occur when ambient

		<p>◆ Do not use the balance when [o-Err] (Overloaded) is displayed.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take down the loaded sample immediately to prevent breakage or malfunction.
		<p>◆ Do not use the balance in a location where it is subject to direct sunlight.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The indications would be illegible. • An internal temperature increase in the balance may lead to inaccurate measurement.
		<p>◆ If the balance is to be unused for an extended period of time, unplug the adapter.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This conserves power and prevents deterioration.
		<p>◆ Do not use volatile solvents for cleaning.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The body may be distorted. • To clean the unit of stains, use a piece of dry cloth or cloth soaked in a small quantity of neutral detergent.
		<p>◆ Do not use the balance in a location where it may be subject to air from an air-conditioning unit.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extreme changes in the ambient temperature may result in inaccurate measurements.
		<p>◆ Do not use the balance on a soft floor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When loaded with a sample, the balance may tip or move, preventing accurate measurements from being conducted.
		<p>◆ Do not use the balance when it is tilted.</p> <p>◆ An inclined balance is likely to produce errors, preventing accurate measurements from being conducted. Place the balance on a level surface.</p>

1.2 For More Precise Measurements

To be able to conduct more precise measurements, it is necessary to minimize the factors that contribute to measurement errors. There are a great variety of such error-inducing factors, which can be linked to machine error and performance of the balance itself, as well as the properties and condition of samples being measured, and the measuring environment (e.g., vibration, temperature/humidity). These factors can readily affect the results of measurement on a balance that has high resolution readability.

This material includes some precautionary notes that the user should bear in mind to eliminate error factors and ensure accurate measurement results.



1-2-1 Precautions on the Measuring Room

Temperature / Humidity	→	Try to maintain constant room temperature as much as possible to prevent dew condensation and unstable indications due to fluctuations in temperature.
	→	Low relative humidity tends to induce static electricity, causing measurement error. (Relative humidity of about 60% is considered ideal.)
Vibration/ Shaking	→	The measuring room should preferably be located on the ground floor or in the basement. Higher floors are more susceptible to heavy vibration and shaking, which make such locations less suitable for measurement. A room facing a railway or road with heavy traffic should also be avoided as much as practicable.
Drafts	→	Avoid choosing a location subject to a direct draft of airflow from an air-conditioning unit or exposed to direct sunlight, which may cause unstable reading due to abrupt fluctuations in temperature. Also avoid a room subject to a heavy flow of people, since fluctuations in drafts and temperature are likely to occur in such a location.
Gravity	→	The gravity acting on a sample varies depending on the latitude or height of the location where measurement is being conducted. For this reason, the same sample may show different weight indications from one place to another. Therefore, make it a rule to calibrate the balance every time it is relocated.
Electromagnetic Waves	→	When the balance is located near an object that generates intense electromagnetic waves, it may be hindered from showing accurate weight due to the effects of such waves. Therefore, avoid placing the balance in such a location.

1-2-2 Precautions on the Measuring Bench

Vibration/ Shaking	→	If the balance is subjected to vibration during measurement, its indications will become unstable, thus preventing accurate measurement from being conducted. To avoid this situation, select a solid measuring bench that is less susceptible to vibration. (A bench in a vibration-proof structure or one made of concrete or stonework will be suitable.) Moreover, do not conduct measurement with a soft cloth or paper placed under the balance, since the balance may be rocked out of its precise level positioning.
	→	Place the measuring bench in a location free from vibration as much as possible. It is a good idea to install the measuring bench in a corner of the measuring room, where less vibration is likely to occur than in the center of the room.
Magnetism/ Static Electricity	→	Avoid operating the balance on a bench that is susceptible to the effects of magnetism or static electricity.

1-2-3 Precautions on the Samples

Static Electricity	→	Generally speaking, objects made of synthetic resin and glass has high electric insulating properties and, therefore, are apt to be electrically charged. Measuring a charged sample as is may cause unstable indications, with resultant poor reproducibility of the results. With this in mind, be sure to discharge charged samples before measurement.
Magnetism	→	A sample affected by magnetism indicates different weight values depending on where it is located on the measuring pan, along with resultant poor reproducibility of the results. When a magnetized sample must be measured, first demagnetize it or place an appropriate pedestal on the measuring pan to adequately separate the mechanism part of the balance from the magnetized sample for avoiding the effects of magnetism.
Absorption/ Evaporation of Moisture	→	Measuring a sample with moisture absorbed or evaporated (volatized) continuously increases or decreases the values indicated. In such case, measure the sample in a container with a small opening and sealed airtight with a cap.
Sample Temperature	→	A difference in temperature between a sample and the interior of a windshield may cause convection to occur inside the windshield, resulting in erroneous measurement. Therefore, measure a very hot or cold sample only after allowing time for its temperature to acclimatize to room temperature. Moreover, to prevent convection inside the windshield, allow time for the interior of the windshield to acclimatize to room temperature.
	→	The body heat of a person conducting measurement can also affect measurement results. Avoid holding the sample with bare hands, and use long tweezers or a similar tool instead. Also refrain from putting your hands inside the windshield while measurement is in progress.

1-2-4 Precautions on the Main Unit of the Balance

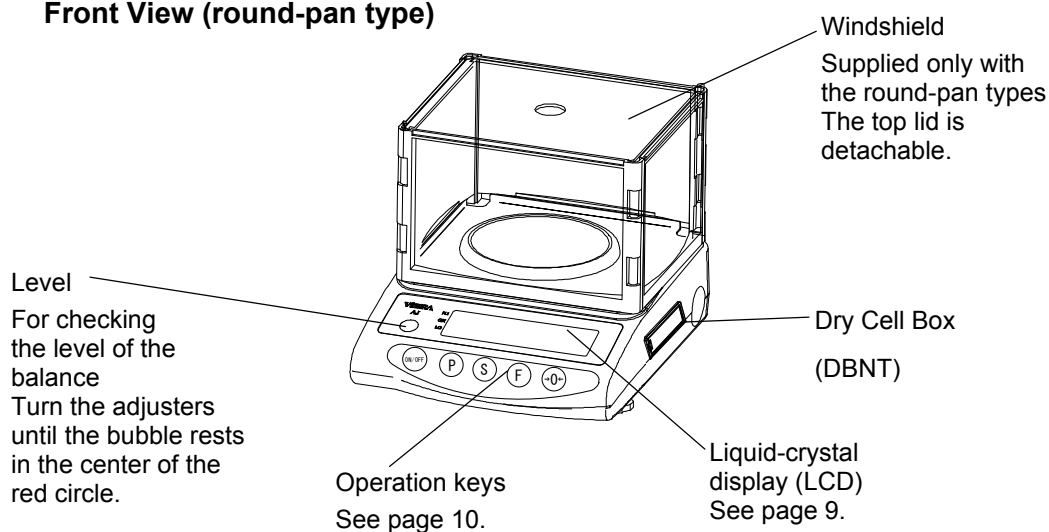
Precautions on Use	→	A transparent dust cover, supplied for some models, may be statically charged under low humidity conditions, which may cause unstable reading. In such case, wipe the dust cover with a damp cloth or use a commercial antistatic agent. Otherwise, simply operate the balance with the dust cover removed.
	→	For more stable measurement, it is recommended to have 30 minutes warm up time after power-up, and apply a load equivalent to the weighing capacity several times before conducting actual measurement operation.
Calibration	→	Periodically calibrate the balance with an internal or external calibration weight to ensure accurate measurement at all times.
	→	For more precise calibration, use an external calibration weight that approximates the weighing capacity. Moreover, calibrate the balance only after enough warm up time and loading near capacity weight.
	→	Calibration is also required in the following cases: When operating the balance for the first time, When not using the balance for a long time, When relocating the balance, or When there is wide fluctuation in temperature, humidity or atmospheric pressure.
Maintenance	→	When the measuring pan or pan base is contaminated with powder or liquid, erroneous weight values may result or indications may remain unstable. Therefore, be sure to frequently clean the balance. When cleaning the balance, be very careful not to allow dirt or liquid to penetrate inside (the mechanism part).

2. Names of Component Parts

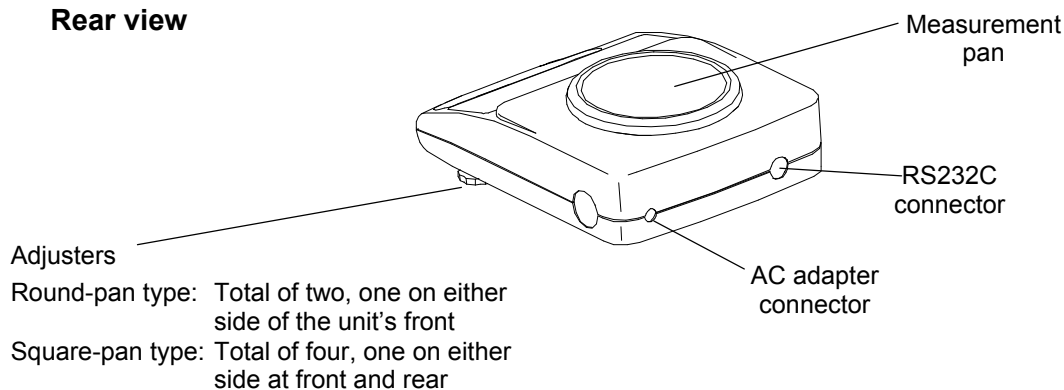
2.1 Main Unit

Capacity(g)	Pan type
220~620	Round
820~12K	Square

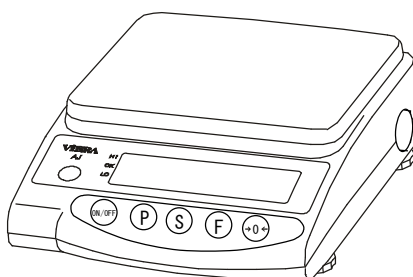
Front View (round-pan type)



Rear view

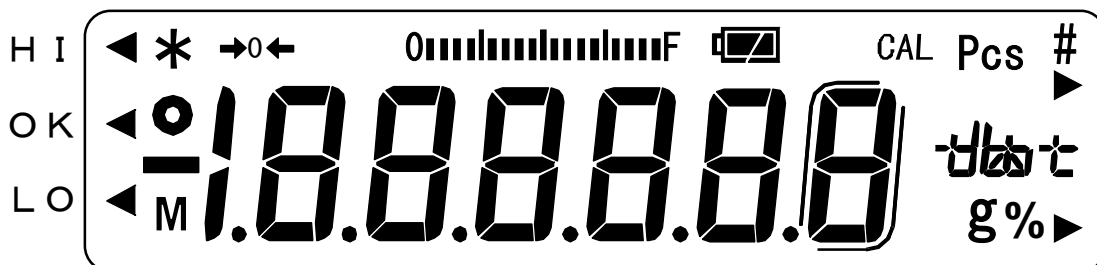


Square-pan type








2.2 LCD Indicators and Operating Keys

2.2.1 Symbols Displayed



Display	Description
g	Grams
→0←	Zero point
○	Indication of stable balance (If the light is off, the balance is unstable.)
*	Balance powered up (Lights up when the power is turned off) or data transmitted
Pcs	Counting mode
%	percentages mode
◀	Indication of judgement result (HI/OK/LO) when the limit function is active.
M	Display of set values from memory (If a value is flashing, it is being saved.)
CAL	Stays on and flashes while span adjustment is in progress.
□	Auxiliary scale interval (Lights up only when the auxiliary scale interval is displayed.)
00000000 F	Bar graph
	[ct] (ct) carat
	[oz] (oz) ounce
	[lb] (lb) pound
	[oz t] (ozt) troy ounce
	[dwt] (dwt) pennyweight
	[▶ (Upper right)] grain
	It stays on [] when operated by rechargeable battery or dry cell battery.
	It flashes [] when the battery capacity becomes low. (Refer to page 38 or 39.)
	It does not show when powered by AC adaptor.

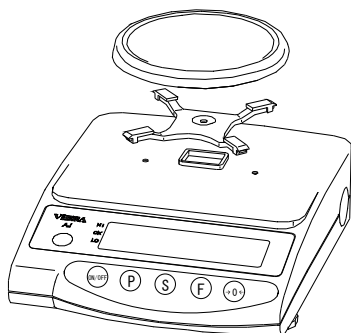
2.2.2 Names and Functions of Operating Keys

Operating Key		Function	
	On/off key	Key to turn on/off the unit power	
	Memory key	[Brief press] [Brief press]	initiates print or output. saves the settings of the number of pieces, or the limit value when using the limit function.
	Set key	[Brief press] [Continuous press]	starts setting the number of pieces or percentages (%). starts setting the limit value when using the limit function.
	Function key	[Brief press] [Brief press] [Brief press] [Continuous press] [Longer continuous press]	toggle-switches the units to be displayed in succession (g, Pcs, etc.). moves the flashing digit in the setup of a limit value when using the value input method. selects an item when setting the function. invokes various functions. invokes span adjustment.
	Zero key	[Brief press] [Brief press] [Brief press]	resets the indication to zero when using zero-point setup. selects a value with the value input method when using the limit function. selects a function when operating the balance in the function mode.

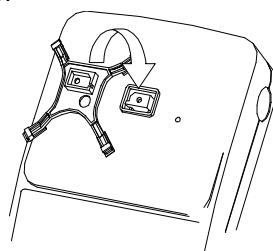
3. Basic Operations

3.1 Installation

1 Positioning the measurement pan

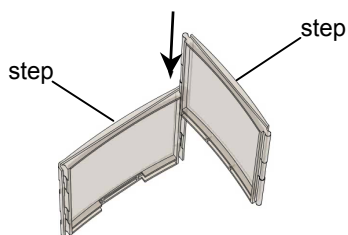


First, mount the pan base on the main unit of the balance and place the measurement pan on top of it. Be sure to mount the pan base in the correct direction, as illustrated below.



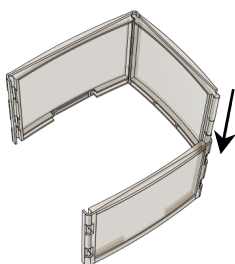
2 Windshield setting (Capacity 220g~620g only)

(1)



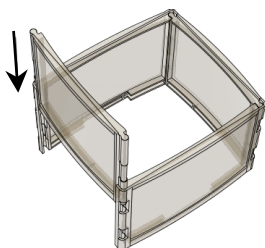
(1) Set a small panel in a large panel. An edge with step should face the same side.

(2)

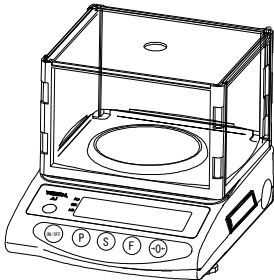
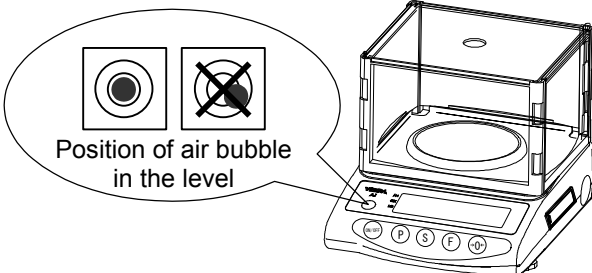
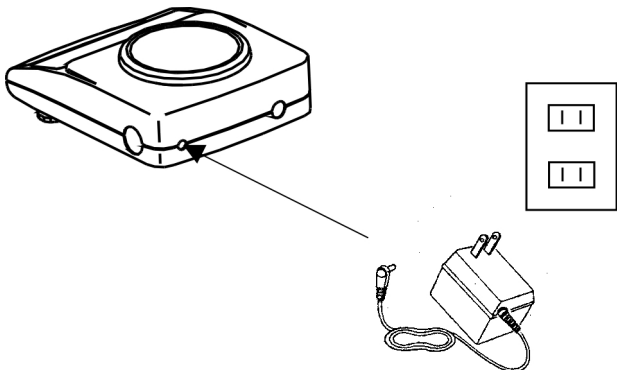


(2) Set the other large panel in the assembly above.



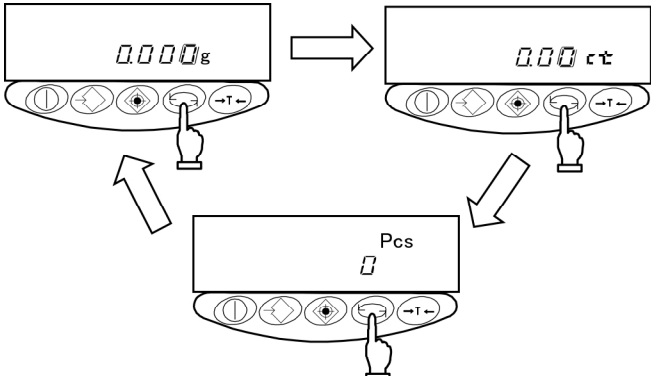
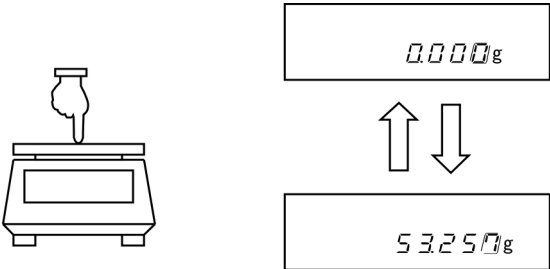
(3)



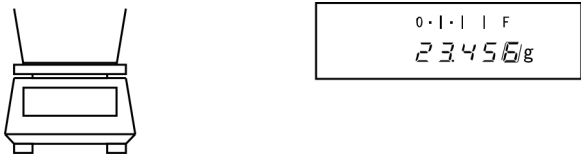
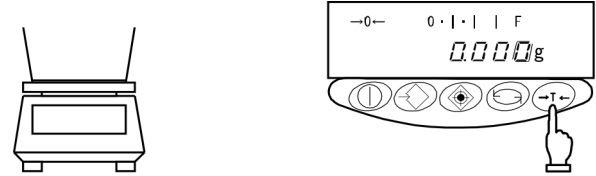
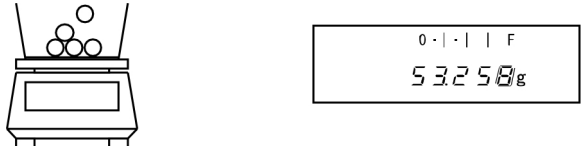
(3) Set the other small panel in the assembly above.

<p>3 Put on the windshield</p> 	<p>Put the cover on top and place the complete assembly along the guide.</p>
<p>4 Securing the exact level of the balance</p>  <p>Position of air bubble in the level</p>	<p>Turn the adjusters until the bubble rests in the center of the red circle on the level.</p> <p>Round-pan type: total of two adjusters, one on either side at front</p> <p>Square-pan type: total of four adjusters, one on either side at front and rear</p> <p><Caution> Use caution when operating the adjusters on the square-pan type to prevent them from lifting up.</p>
<p>5 Connecting the AC adapter</p> 	<p>Connect the AC adapter to the balance, as illustrated at left.</p> <p>※Take 5 minutes before operation.</p> <p><Caution> If the balance has the battery installed, refer to “10. Operating the Balance with the Battery.”</p>

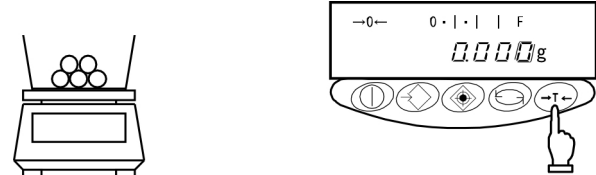
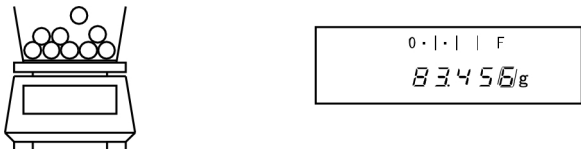
3.2 Operation Check

<div>1</div> <div>Turning on the power</div> <div></div>	<p>When the balance has the AC adapter connected, it displays [*].</p> <p>Pressing the On/Off key</p> <p>The display section lights up, and the balance is ready for operation.</p>
<div>2</div> <div>Checking the display</div> <div></div>	<p>Check to see if the display has any missing indications or unlit parts.</p> <p>A few seconds after startup, the indication is reset to zero.</p>
<div>3</div> <div>Switching the measurement mode</div> <div></div>	<p>Press the Function key.</p> <p>Each time the key is pressed, the unit of measurement changes, as indicated.</p> <p>※The balance is shipped from the factory with the following switching sequence: [g] → [ct] → [Pcs] → [g] → ...</p>
<div>4</div> <div>Verifying changes in the read-out indicator</div> <div></div>	<p>Press the measurement pan lightly and make sure that the read-out indicator changes.</p> <p>Also, ensure that the read-out indicator is reset to zero when you release your hand.</p>

3.3 Operation for Zero Adjustment

<p>1 Place the container on the balance.</p> 	<p>As you place the container, the balance indicates its weight.</p>
<p>2 Reset read-out indication to zero.</p> 	<p>Press the Zero key. The container is subtracted and the balance indicates zero.</p>
<p>3 Load the sample to be weighed.</p> 	<p>The balance will now indicate only the weight of the sample loaded in the container.</p>

☆ Weighing only the weight of an added sample

<p>4 Resetting the indication to zero</p> 	<p>Press the Zero key. The total weight of the sample loaded on the measurement pan is indicated as zero.</p>
<p>5 Adding samples to be measured</p> 	<p>The balance indicates only the weight of an added sample. When the weight (of a sample) currently loaded on the measurement pan is reset to zero with the Zero key, as mentioned above, only the weight of the sample will be measured.</p>

☆ Key Points of the Procedure ☆

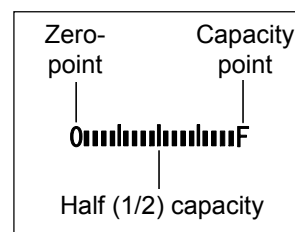
The following applies equally to all the measurement modes for weight measurement, counting, and percentages.

1. After the balance is switched off, there is still enough current to display [*]. This indicates that the AC adapter is connected to an electrical outlet, but that the balance is turned off.
When the balance is switched on again, [*] will disappear.

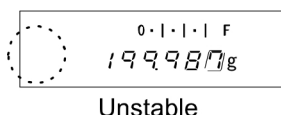
※ If the balance is running on batteries and the unit is switched off, the display does not display [*].

2. The bar graph shows the current load status with respect to the capacity of the balance. The nearer the [F] mark draws, the smaller the measurable weight becomes.

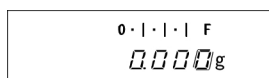
※ Even when the display currently indicates zero with the weight subtracted, the weight corresponding to the gross value is indicated on the bar.



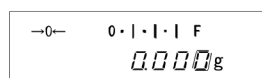
3. When the balance remains stable, the stability indicator [O] remains on. If the balance becomes unstable, the stability indicator [O] will disappear. When a displayed value flickers or the stability mark flashes on and off, it is likely that the balance is being affected by wind or other vibrations. Use the windshield or vibration dampers to protect against such adverse effects.



4. When the read-out indicator is reset to zero, the balance indicates zero this way: [→ 0 ←].



* If the indication deviates from the true zero point by 1/4 of a graduation or less, [→ 0 ←] disappears.

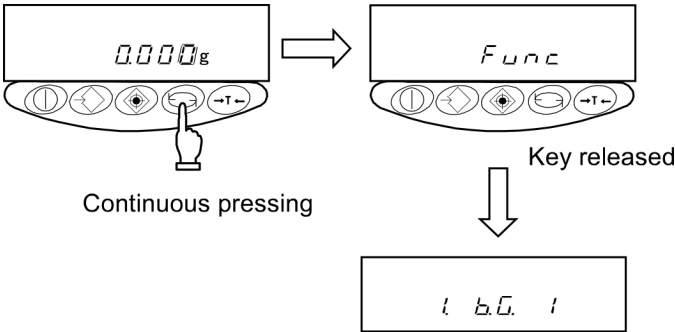
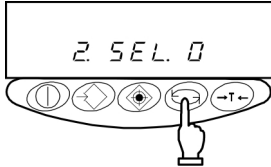
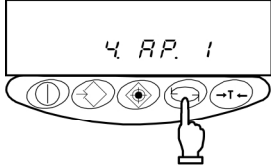
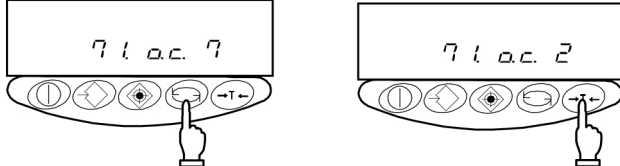
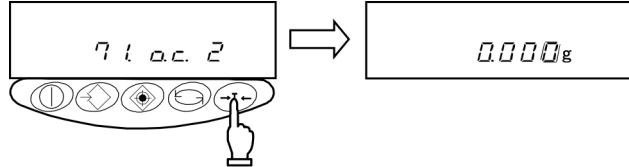


* If the tare is subtracted, the balance indicates zero.


5. Only weight fraction that was canceled, the measurable range is reduced.
Measurable Range = Capacity – container weight.
6. If [o-Err] appears when a sample is loaded, the measurable range has been exceeded.
7. In counting mode, if no sample is stored in memory the indicator will not change, even when the measurement pan is pressed.
8. The measurement mode that is activated when the balance is switched on will be the one that was active when last switched off. For example, if the balance was switched off in counting mode, this counting mode will be reactivated the next time the balance is switched on.

4. Functions

4.1 Setup and Checking of Functions

<p>1 Invoking the function</p> 	<p>Press and hold down the Function key until the indicator changes to “Func,” then release the key.</p> <p>The function setup mode is activated, and the first item, [1. b.G. 1 (Bar graph) 1] appears. (See “4.2 Description of Functions” on page 17.)</p>
<p>2 Selecting the next item</p> 	<p>Press the Function key.</p> <p>The indication changes to the next item, [2.SEL 0 (Limit function)].</p>
<p>3 Selecting an item</p> 	<p>Pressing the Function key advances the function items at the rate of one item per press.</p>
<p>4 Changing the content of an item</p> 	<p>Select the item to be changed with the Function key.</p> <p>Each press of the Zero key changes the digit on the right end. Select the desired one.</p>
<p>5 Terminating the function selection</p> 	<p>Press the Set key.</p> <p>The balance terminates the function setup and returns to measurement mode.</p>

4.2 Description of Functions

Item		Set Value		Description	
Bar graph display		1. b.G.	0	Disable	
			☆1	Enable	
Limit function		2.SEL	☆0	Disable	
			1	Enable	
Displayed only when limit function is activated	Judgement condition	21.Co.	☆1	Always judge (judges even when the balance is unstable)	
			2	Judge only when the balance is stable (does not judge if the balance is unstable)	
	Judgement range	22.Li	0	Ranges beyond +5 graduation is judged (ranges +5 graduation or below, including negative ranges, are not judged.)	
			☆1	The entire range is judged (the entire range, including the negative, is judged).	
	Number of points for judgement	23.Pi	1	One-point setup (judges between OK and LO)	
			☆2	Upper-limit and lower-limit values are set up (judges among HI, OK and LO).	
Auto power-off		4. A.P.	0	Disable (balance operates continuously)	This function is available only when the balance is battery-operated.
			☆1	Enable (balance powers off in approximately three minutes)	
Response speed		5. rE.	0	Measurement by consecutive weighings.	
			1		
			2	Fast	
			☆3	↓	
			4	Slow	
			5		
Interface		7. I.F.	☆6 0	Disable input/output	
			☆1	Six-digit numeric format	
			2	Seven-digit numeric format	
Setup of units of measurement to be displayed Register selected measuring units with <div>Function</div> key.		81.S.u. 85.S.u.	☆1 01	[g]	
			☆2 14	[ct] (ct)	
			15	[oz] (oz)	
			16	[lb] (lb)	
			17	[oz t] (ozt)	
			18	[dwt] (dwt)	
			19※1	[ Lower right] (grain)	
			☆3 20	[Pcs]	
			1F	[%]	
			☆4,5 00	Unit not set	

Items marked ☆ are the default factory settings.

☆1~☆5: default factory settings [81.S.u.]~[85.S.u.]

☆6: AJ-NTDB Type only

※1 For 220g~6200g Capacity model

4.3 Interface Section

Displayed when [7. I.F. ☐] is set to [1] or [2]

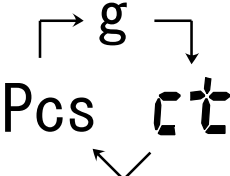
Item	Set Value	Description	
Output Control	71. o.c.	0	Stop output
		2	Output continuous if stable (stop output if unstable)
		4	Outputs once if stable. Outputs if the balance is stable when a sample is loaded after the preceding sample has been removed and the balance indicated zero, or less.
		5	Outputs once if stable, and stops output when unstable. Even if the sample is not replaced, the balance is output once when it stabilizes next time (including the zero indication).
		☆7	Pressing <input type="button" value="Memory"/> key causes the balance to output once when stable.
Baud Rate	72. b.L.	☆1	1200 bps
		2	2400 bps
		3	4800 bps
		4	9600 bps
Parity	73. PA.	☆0	None
		1	Odd
		2	Even

☆ denotes a factory-setting

5. Switching Function for Units of Measurement

5.1 Switching Units of Measurement

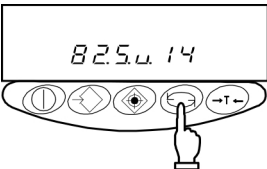
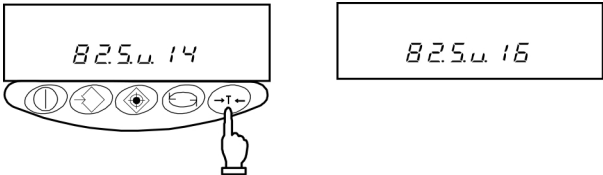
Pressing the **Function** key allows the user to switch the unit of measurement to [g], [ct] and so on.

<p>Switching the units of measurement to be displayed</p> 	<p>Press the Function key.</p> <p>Each press advances through the units of measurement to be displayed.</p> <p>※The balance is shipped from the factory with the following default setup: [g] → [ct] → [Pcs] → [g] → ...</p>
---	---

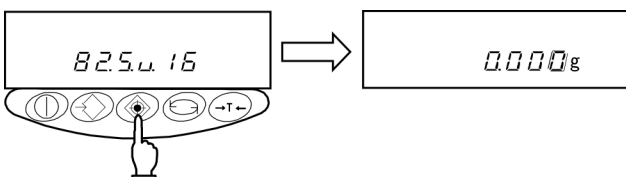
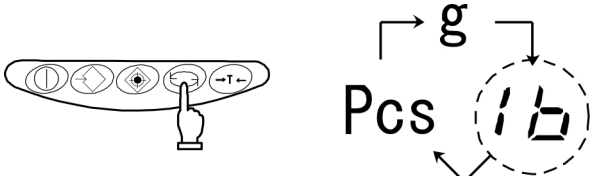
5.2 Setup of Units of Measurement

When values [81.S.u.] to [85.S.u.] are entered prior to use, the desired unit of measurement to be displayed can be chosen simply by pressing the **Function** key. For more information on the units of measurement that can be set here, please refer to “4.2 Description of Functions” on page 17.

Example: To change the default factory settings to pound units, use [82.S.u.] .

<p>1 Display the function item [82.S.u. 14]</p> 	<p>Press and hold down the Function key.</p> <p>Release the key as [Func] appears on the display.</p> <p>The function setup mode is now activated and the first item is displayed.</p> <p>Press the Function key several more times, until [82.S.u. 14] appears.</p>
<p>2 Setting the unit to a pound</p> 	<p>Press the Zero key several times to specify [82.S.u. 16].</p>

Example: To change the default factory settings to pound units use [82.S.u.] . (cont.)

<p>3 Pressing the [Set] key to restore measurement mode.</p> 	<p>Pressing the [Set] key will reset the measurement mode</p>
<p>4 Pressing the [Function] key to change the units of measurement</p> 	<p>Press the [Function] key. Each press of the key changes the units of measurement to be displayed, as follows: [g] → [lb] → [Pcs] → [g] → ...</p>

★ Key Points of the Procedure ★

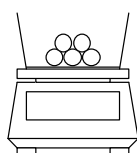
1. When set values are entered in the function items [81.S.u.] to [85.S.u.] prior to use, the desired unit of measurement to be displayed can be selected simply pressing the **[Function]** key. For more information on the units of measurement that can be set, please refer to “4.2 Description of Functions,” on page 17.
2. The units are displayed in the same sequence as the settings made from [81.S.u.] to [85.S.u.].
3. If [00] is set, no unit of measurement will be displayed, even when units of measurement are set in subsequent items.
4. [00] cannot be set in [81.S.u.].
5. If the same unit of measurement is set multiple times, the second time (and all subsequent times) the unit(s) occurs, it will be ignored when the display switches.

6. Counting Pieces

To implement piece-counting, the specified samples are loaded on the balance, and their average unit weight (hereinafter, simply the “unit weight”) is entered and saved. The procedure for saving unit weights is called sampling.

The counting procedure consists of loading articles that have already been sampled on to the balance. The number of pieces is then calculated by dividing the total weight of the loaded articles by the unit weight saved in memory. Piece counting cannot be implemented unless sampling has already taken place.

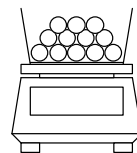
Sampling



$$\frac{\text{Weight}}{\text{Number of samples}} = \frac{10 \text{ g}}{10 \text{ pieces}} = 1 \text{ g}$$

= Sample unit weight

Counting Pieces

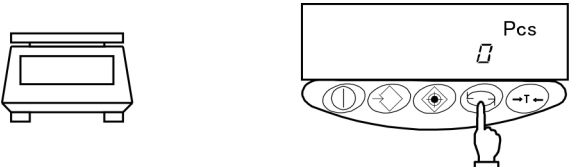
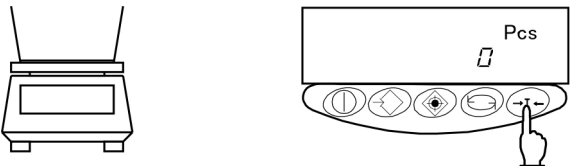
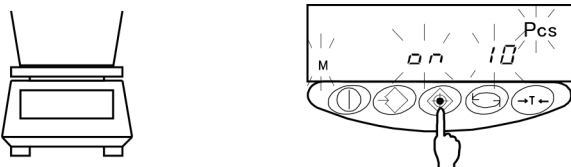


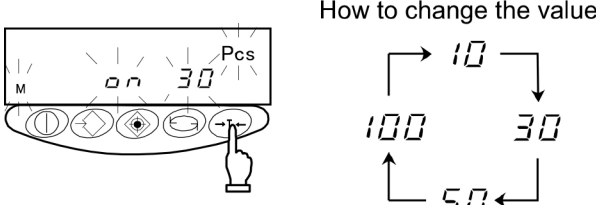
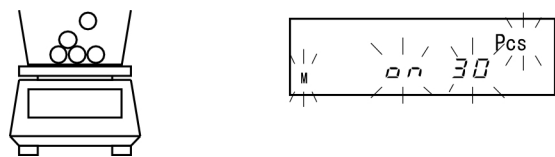
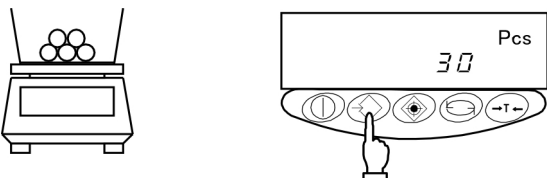
$$\frac{\text{Total weight}}{\text{Sample unit weight}} = \frac{500 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ g}} = 500 \text{ pcs.}$$

= Measured number of samples

※If samples to be counted deviate widely in weight, or a higher measure of accuracy is desired, it is recommended that users use the “Raising the Counting Accuracy” method. This procedure results in greater precision by increasing the number of samples used in the sampling operation.

6.1 Sampling

<p>1 Activating the counting mode</p> 	<p>Press the Function key to display [Pcs].</p>
<p>2 Resetting the indication to zero</p> 	<p>Place the container and press the Zero key. The container is subtracted and the balance now indicates zero.</p>
<p>3 Starting the sampling</p> 	<p>Press the Set key. The display flashes a number, such as [0.10]. This means that ten samples are to be loaded. The sampling number that was used in the previous sampling will be displayed here.</p>

<p>4 Changing the sampling number, if necessary.</p> 	<p>If samples to be counted widely deviate in weight, or a higher measure of accuracy is desired, it is recommended that users change the sampling number to a larger value.</p> <p>Press the Zero key.</p> <p>Each press of the key changes the value on the right end. Select the desired value. If the sampling number need not be changed, go on to the next step.</p>
<p>5 Loading samples</p> 	<p>Load the number of samples displayed.</p> <p>Count the samples precisely and load them in the center of the measurement pan.</p>
<p>6 Saving the unit weight of samples</p> 	<p>Press the Memory key.</p> <p>The balance saves the unit weight and reverts to measurement mode.</p>

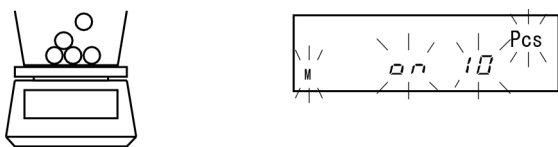
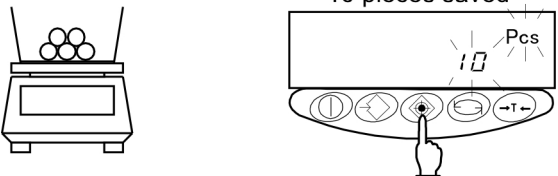
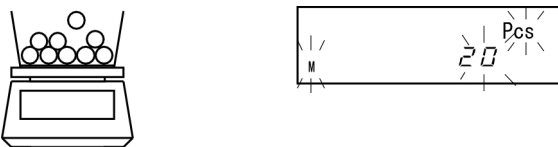
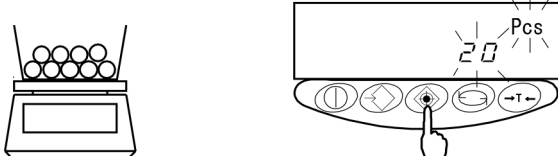
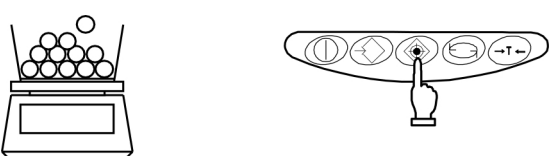
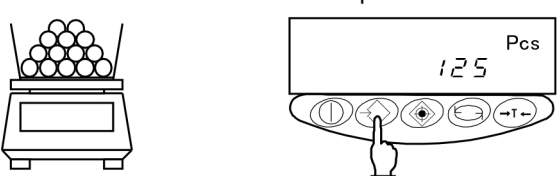
★ Key Points of the Procedure ★

- While the samples are being saved, the value indication disappears and only [M] flashes to indicate that memory saving is underway. If the balance is affected by wind or other vibrations during this process, the saving time may be prolonged.
- If [L-Err] appears, it indicates one of the following states:
 - The weight of one sample (measurable unit weight) is insufficient.
For the range of unit weights that can be measured and saved, please refer to "13. Specifications," on page 41.
 - In the sampling of Operation Step 3, press the **Set** key with the samples loaded on the balance.

※ If [L-Err] appears, the sampling is interrupted and the data in progress is not saved.
- The operation for increasing counting accuracy is referred to as the Memory Update Method. This procedure updates the memory with a unit weight that represents a more precise average by gradually increasing the sampling number. This operation improves counting accuracy and is recommended for the following cases;
 - When the samples to be counted deviate widely in weight or the number of samples displayed deviates.
 - When greater accuracy is desired.
- If [Add] appears in Memory Update Method, it indicates that a counting error is likely due to the small number of the samples loaded on the balance. [◀] will light up at the judgment indication "LO." As the memory update continues, counting accuracy improves and the above indication disappears.
- If you change the sampling number, subsequent sampling will start from the new sampling number.

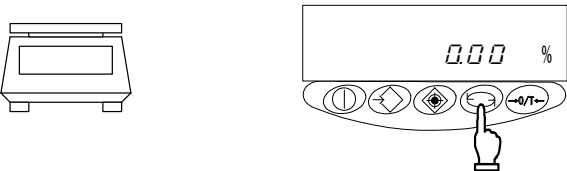
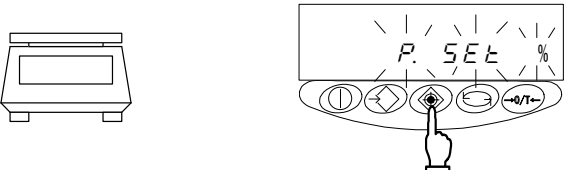
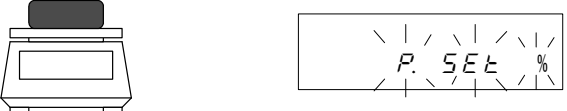
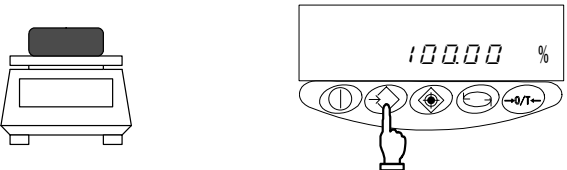
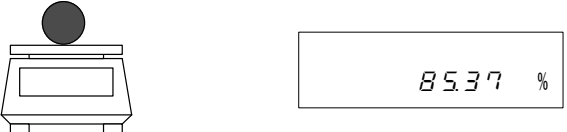
6.2 Increasing the Counting Accuracy (Memory Update Method)

※This procedure is the same as the sampling procedure described on the previous page up, to the point at which the sampling number is changed.

<p>1 Loading samples</p> 	<p>Load the number of samples displayed. Count the samples precisely and load them on to the center of the measurement pan.</p>
<p>2 Saving the samples</p> 	<p>Press the Set key. The unit weight of the samples is saved, and the display changes to a flashing value. This flashing value denotes that the Memory Update Method is currently active.</p>
<p>3 Adding samples</p> 	<p>Add approximately an equal number of samples as the number currently displayed. Add them gradually, in groups of approximately the same number, until the number of samples is approximately double. The additional samples need not be counted.</p>
<p>4 Saving the samples</p> 	<p>Press the Set key. After the unit weight of the samples has been saved, the display begins to flash, indicating that the Memory Update Method is still running.</p>
<p>5 Repeating the addition and saving of samples</p> 	<p>Repeat steps 3 and 4. The eventual total number of samples to be saved should be approximately 1/5 to 1/2 of the number of samples to be measured.</p>
<p>6 Terminating the sampling</p> 	<p>Press the Memory key. The balance saves the unit weight and returns you to measurement mode.</p>

7. Measuring Percentage (AJ-NT Type only)

The percentage measurement function operates by weighing an actual sample, selected as the reference, and saving its weight as the reference value and indexing it as 100%. When a measurement sample loaded on the balance is lighter or heavier than the reference, its weight is indicated as a percentage (%) value relative to the reference weight.

<p>1 Activating the percentage mode</p> 	<p>Press the Function key to display [%].</p>
<p>2 Setting the reference value</p> 	<p>Press the Set key. The display begins flashing [P. SEt]. The balance is now ready for reference value setup.</p>
<p>3 Loading the sample</p> 	<p>Load the reference sample.</p>
<p>4 Saving the reference value</p> 	<p>Press the Memory key. The balance indexes the weight value of the reference sample as 100% and returns you to measurement mode.</p>
<p>5 Loading a sample to be measured</p> 	<p>The balance now indicates the weight of the loaded sample as a percentage (%) value relative to the reference value.</p>

☆ Key Points of the Procedure ☆

1. While samples are being saved, the value indication disappears temporarily, and only the [M] mark flashes. If the balance is affected by wind or other vibrations during this process, the saving time may be prolonged.
2. If [L-Err] appears briefly, it indicates one of the following states:
 - (1) The weight of the reference sample is insufficient.
For the limit weight that can be saved (% limit weight), please refer to “13. Specifications,” on page 41.
 - (2) While setting up the reference value in Step 2, the Set key has been pressed while the samples were loaded on the balance.

※If [L-Err] appears, sampling has been interrupted and the sample value being processed will not be saved.
3. The minimum intervals between percentages in the unit switch from 1%, to 0.1%, to 0.01%, depending on the reference weight from the sampling.

8. Limit Function

The limit function judges measurements according to a limit value saved in the balance.

The function shows the judgement result by displaying the [◀] mark as either HI (excessive), OK (appropriate), or LO (insufficient). This function is very useful when discriminating between conforming and nonconforming articles. It is also useful when measuring a given constant quantity consecutively, in conjunction with a range of reference weights defined by upper- and lower-limit values.

This function can be used in weight mode, counting mode, or percentage mode.

Limit value input methods

Either of the following two methods can be used in the different modes:

- (1) Actual quantity setup method An actual sample is loaded on the balance and its weight saved as the limit value.
- (2) Numeric value setup method The limit value is entered with a key stroke.

※The limit values entered are held in memory, even when the balance is powered down.

※The respective limit values for weight mode, counting mode, and percentage mode are set up independently.

Indication of judgement result

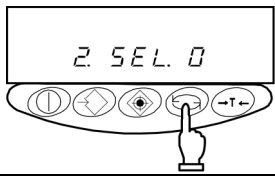
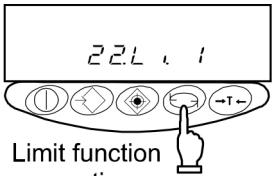
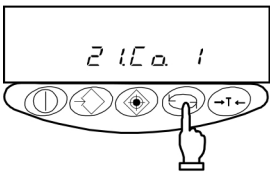
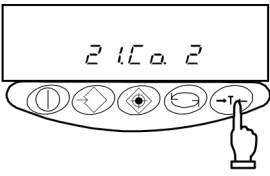
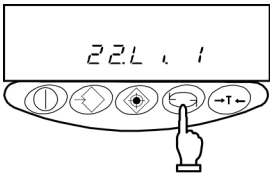
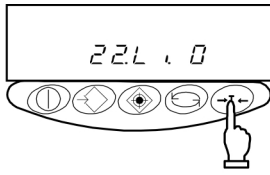
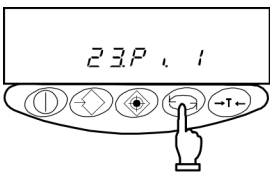
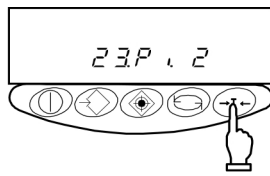
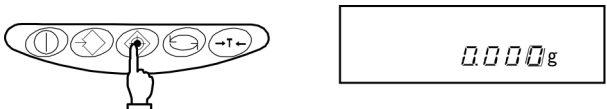
The [◀] mark lights up as either HI, OK, or LO on the left side of the display, indicating the result of judgement.

Judgement Results	Upper/lower-limit setting	One-point setting
HI (excessive)	Upper-limit value < measurement value	No indication
OK (appropriate)	Upper-limit value \geq measurement value value \geq lower-limit value	Limit value \leq measurement value
LO (insufficient)	Lower-limit value > Measurement value	Limit value > Measurement value

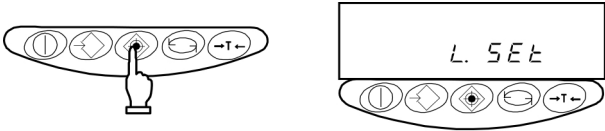
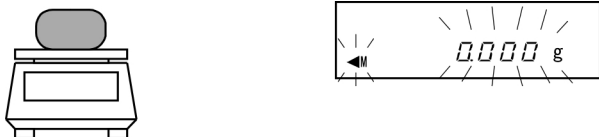
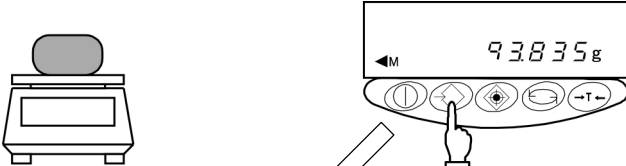
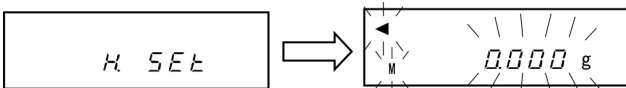

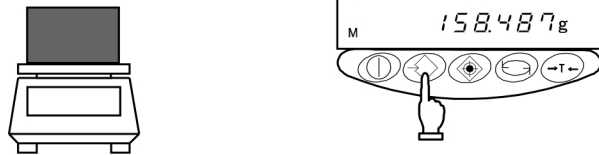
8.1 Limit Function Setup

<p>1 Invoking the function</p>	<p>Press and hold down the Function key. Release the key when [Func] is displayed. The display changes to the function setup and the first item is displayed.</p>
--------------------------------	---

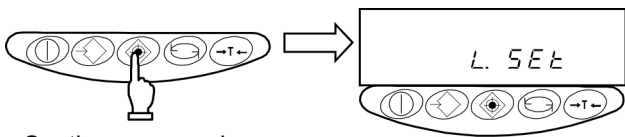
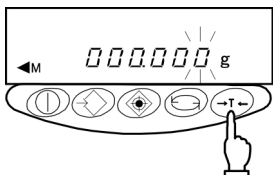
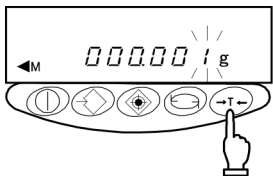
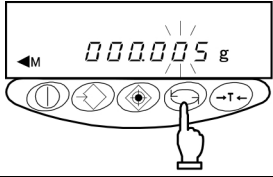
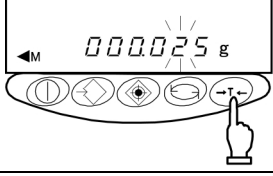
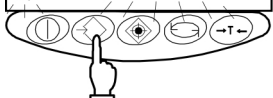
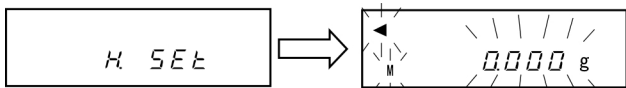
8.1 Limit Function Setup (cont.)

<p>2 Selecting a function item</p> 	<p>Press the Function key. The display changes to the next item [Limit Function].</p>
<p>3 Setting the limit function</p>  <p>Limit function operations</p>	<p>Press the Zero key to set the value on the rightmost side to [1].</p>
<p>4 Setting the judgement condition</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div data-bbox="144 681 412 855">  <p>Judged at all times</p> </div> <div data-bbox="477 681 746 855">  <p>Judged when stable</p> </div> </div>	<p>Press the Function key. The display changes to [Judgement Condition]. Press the Zero key to select the desired condition.</p>
<p>5 Setting the judgement range</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div data-bbox="144 991 412 1164">  <p>Judge entire range</p> </div> <div data-bbox="477 991 746 1164">  <p>Judge beyond +5</p> </div> </div>	<p>Press the Function key. The display changes to [Judgement Range]. Press the Zero key to select the desired choice.</p>
<p>6 Setting the number of judgement points</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;"> <div data-bbox="144 1300 412 1474">  <p>One point set</p> </div> <div data-bbox="477 1300 746 1474">  <p>Upper/lower limits set</p> </div> </div>	<p>Press the Function key. The display changes to [Judgement Points]. Press the Zero key to select the desired choice.</p>
<p>7 Terminating the function setup</p> 	<p>Press the Set key. The balance terminates the function setup and returns you to measurement mode.</p>

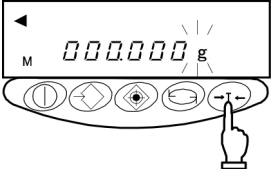
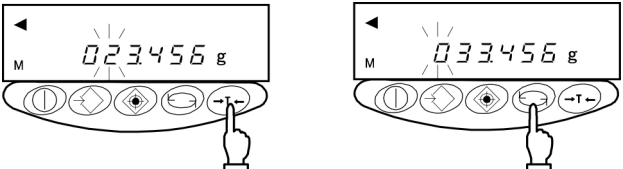
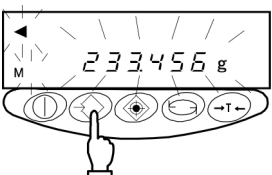
8.2 Setup of Limit Values by Actual Quantity Loads

<p>1 Starting the limit function</p>  <p>Continuous pressing Key released</p>	<p>Press and hold down the Set key. Release the key when [L. SEt] is displayed. The currently set lower-limit value flashes.</p>
<p>2 Loading the sample for the lower-limit value</p> 	<p>Load the sample of the lower-limit value on the measurement pan.</p>
<p>3 Saving the lower-limit value</p> 	<p>Press the Memory key. After the lower-limit value has been saved, the balance displays it briefly and proceeds to the following setup. ※If One-point setup was chosen, the setup is complete.</p>
<p>4 The upper-limit value setup</p> 	<p>The display now changes to [H. SEt], indicating that the upper-limit value can be set. The currently set upper-limit value flashes.</p>
<p>5 Loading the sample of the upper-limit value</p> 	<p>Load the sample of the upper-limit value on the measurement pan.</p>
<p>6 Saving the upper-limit value</p> 	<p>Press the Memory key. After saving the upper-limit value, the balance displays it briefly and terminates the setup.</p>

8.3 Setting up Limit Values by Inputting Values

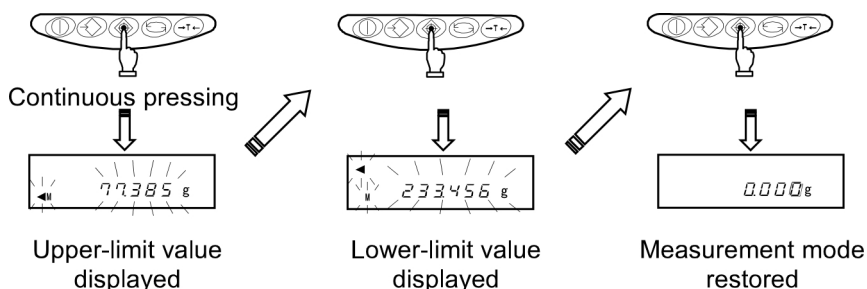
<p>1 Starting the limit function</p>  <p>Continuous pressing</p> <p>Key released</p>	<p>Press and hold down the Set key. Release the key when [L. SEt] is displayed. The currently set lower-limit value flashes.</p>
<p>2 Opening the value input screen</p> 	<p>Press the Zero key. All the digits are displayed, with the one on the right end flashing. This flashing digit is the one that can be changed.</p>
<p>3 Entering a value</p> 	<p>Press the Zero key again. Pressing the key repeatedly changes the flashing value until the desired number is entered.</p>
<p>4 Selecting a digit</p> 	<p>Press the Function key. The flashing moves to the digit on the immediate left. Each time the key is pressed, the flashing digit moves one position left. When the leftmost digit is selected, the flashing advances to the rightmost digit position.</p>
<p>5 Repeat Steps 3 and 4</p> 	<p>Enter the lower-limit value by selecting a value with the Zero key and moving the digits with the Function key, as needed.</p>
<p>6 Saving the lower-limit value</p> 	<p>Press the Memory key. After saving the lower-limit value, the balance displays it briefly and proceeds to the next setup. ※If one-point setup was chosen, the setup is complete.</p>
<p>7 Setting up the upper-limit value</p> 	<p>The display changes to [H. SEt], indicating that the upper-limit value can be set. If there is an upper-limit value already set, that value will flash.</p>

8.3 Setting up Limit Values by Inputting Values (cont.)

<p>8 Opening the value input screen</p> 	<p>Press the Zero key. Follow the same procedure as in “Step 2.”</p>
<p>9 Setting the upper-limit value</p> 	<p>Follow the same procedure as described for the lower-limit value and enter the upper-limit value.</p>
<p>10 Saving the upper-limit value</p> 	<p>Press the Memory key. After saving the upper-limit value, the balance displays it briefly and terminates setup.</p>

★ Key Points of the Procedure ★

- The limit values you have set can be checked each time you press the **Set** key. The balance displays the lower-limit value after showing [L. SEt], and the upper-limit value after showing [H. SEt].

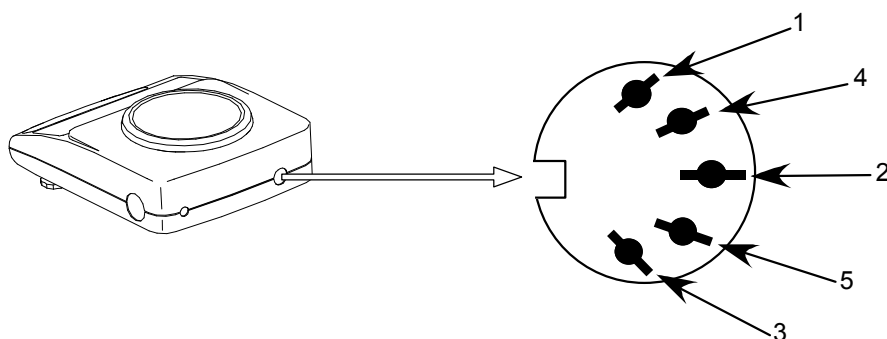


- If you make a mistake, press the **Function** key during the setup of actual quantities or the **Set** key during the setup of values.
- If you press the **Memory** key while a value is flashing, an actual quantity will be set based on the weight currently loaded on the balance. Pressing the **Zero** key at this time displays the value input screen.
- If the [◀] mark lights up for all three judgement indicators, HI, OK, and LO, the lower-limit value set exceeds the upper-limit value. Check the values, since mistakes can occur with entries, as in cases when the upper-limit value is specified with a negative sign.
- When the [M] mark is flashing on the value input screen, the sign on the left end can be changed. Press the **Zero** key to switch between the positive and negative signs.

9. Input/output functions

9.1 Terminal Numbers and Functions

Terminal Number	Signal	Input/output	Function & remarks
1	EXT.ZERO	Input	External Zero adjustment [※]
2	DTR	Output	HIGH (when balance is powered-up)
3	RXD	Input	Receiving data
4	TXD	Output	Transmitting data
5	GND	—	Signal ground



RS232C connector (DIN 5-pin female): Rear

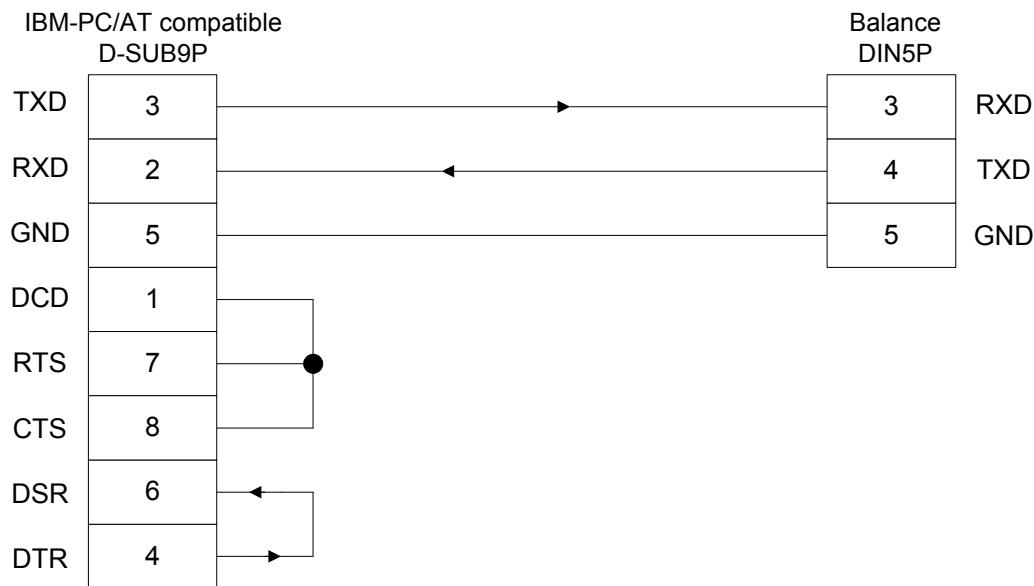
※Zero adjustment is possible by connecting an external zero adjustment input and a signal ground, through contacts or a transistor switch. When following this procedure, secure a connection time of at least 400 milliseconds. (When the switch is off, the voltage maximum is 15 V; when the switch is on, the sink current is 20 mA or less.)

Caution:

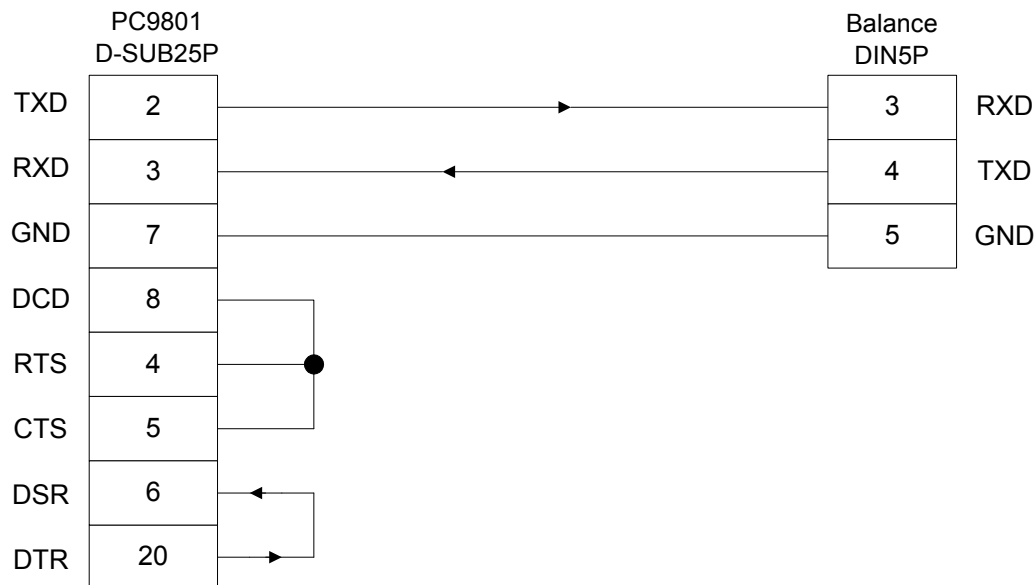
Before plugging in the connectors, unplug the AC adapter.

9.2 Connection between Balances and Personal Computers

■■■ Sample connection with an IBM-PC/AT compatible ■■■

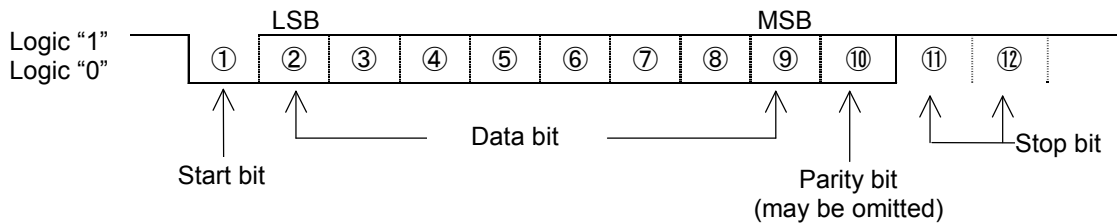


■■■ Sample connection with PC9801 ■■■



9.3 Interface Specifications

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| (1) Transmission system | Serial transmission with start-stop synchronization |
| (2) Transmission rates | 1200/2400/4800/9600 bps. |
| (3) Transmission codes | ASCII codes (8-bit) |
| (4) Signal levels | Compliant with EIA RS-232C
HIGH level (Data logic 0) +5 to +15 V
LOW level (Data logic 1) -5 to -15 V |
| (5) One-character bit configuration | Start bit: 1 bit
Data bit: 8 bits
Parity bit: 0/1 bits
Stop bit: 2 bits |
| (6) Parity bit: | none/odd/even |



9.4 Output Data

By changing the function settings on the main unit of the balance, users can select either of the following formats: (See “4.2 Description of Functions,” on page 17.)

9.4.1 Data Format

(1) Six-digit numeric format

Composed of 14 characters, including the terminators (CR = 0DH, LF = 0AH).

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
P1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	U1	U2	S1	S2	CR	LF

(2) Seven-digit numeric format

Composed of 15 characters, including the terminators (CR = 0DH, LF = 0AH). A parity bit can also be appended.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
P1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	U1	U2	S1	S2	CR	LF

(3) Six-digit numeric format for model provided with an auxiliary scale interval

Composed of 15 characters, including the terminators (CR=0DH, LF=0AH), with “/” added to the left of the auxiliary-scale-interval place.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
P1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	U1	U2	S1	S2	CR	LF

(4) Seven-digit numeric format for model provided with an auxiliary scale interval

Composed of 16 characters, including the terminators (CR=0DH, LF=0AH), with “/” added to the left of the auxiliary-scale-interval place.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
P1	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	U1	U2	S1	S2	CR	LF

9.4.2 Polarities (P1: one character)

P1	Code	Description
+	2BH	When data is zero or positive
-	2DH	When data is negative
(SP)	20H	When data is zero or positive

9.4.3 Numeric data

Six-digit numeric format: (D1–D7: seven characters)

Seven-digit numeric format: (D1–D8: eight characters)

Six-digit numeric format for model provided with an auxiliary scale interval:
(8 characters, from D1 to D8)

Seven-digit numeric format for model provided with an auxiliary scale interval:
(9 characters, from D1 to D9)

D1–D7 (D8)	Code	Description
0–9	30H–39H	Numerical value 0–9
•	2EH	Decimal point (floating position) ※When the data is an integer, it may be omitted and replaced with a blank space (SP) in the lowest-order place.
(SP)	20H	Space: zero of leading portion of value (leading zero suppress)
/	2FH	Delimiter to be inserted to the left of the auxiliary-scale-interval place

9.4.4 Units (U1, U2: two characters)

※ All the codes are ASCII codes.

U1	U2	Code		Meaning	Balance indicators
(SP)	G	20H	47H	gram	g
C	T	43H	54H	carat	ct
O	Z	4FH	5AH	ounce	oz
L	B	4CH	42H	pound	lb
O	T	4FH	54H	troy ounce	oz t
D	W	44H	57H	pennyweight	dwt
G	R	47H	52H	grain	▶ (lower right)
P	C	50H	43H	pieces	Pcs
(SP)	%	20H	25H	percentage	%

9.4.5 Result of judgment when operating the balance with the limit function (S1: one character)

S1	Code	Description
L	4CH	LO (LOW)
G	47H	OK (GOOD)
H	48H	HI (HIGH)
(SP)	20H	No limit value specified

9.4.6 Status (S2: one character)

S2	Code	Description
S	53H	Data stable
U	55H	Data unstable
E	45H	Data error (data other than S2 is invalid.) [o-Err], [u-Err]
(SP)	20H	No status specified

9.5 Input Commands

Users can control the balance remotely by transmitting commands from an external device. Two types of control commands are available:

- (1) Instruction for zero adjustment
- (2) Setup of output control

9.5.1 Command Transmission Method

- (1) A command is transmitted to the balance from an external device. Since the data flow (transmission and reception) is stored by a full-duplex system, commands can be transmitted regardless of their data-transmission timing.
- (2) When the balance has executed the received command, it activates a normal end response or transmits the requested data, via the transmitting command. If the balance was unable to execute the command or received an erroneous command, it transmits an error end response. If the balance is working properly, it usually returns a response within a second after it receives the transmitted command. If the balance receives a transmission while it is conducting a procedure (such as the setup of a function or a span adjustment), it will transmit a response when the procedure finishes.
- (3) When transmitting more than one command to the balance from a remote device, wait until you have received a confirmation on the first transmission before transmitting the next.

9.5.2 Command format

(1) Command format

Composed of four characters (ASCII), including the terminators (CR=0DH, LF = 0AH)

1	2	3	4
C1	C2	CR	LF

(2) Instruction for zero adjustment

C1	C2	Code		Description	Value	Response
T	(SP)	54H	20H	Instruction for zero adjustment	None	A00: Normal end E01: Zero adjustment cannot be executed due to an error in the weight value.

(3) Setup of output control

C1	C2	Code		Description
O	0	4FH	30H	Stop output
O	2	4FH	32H	Output continuous if stable (stop output if unstable)
O	4	4FH	34H	Outputs once if stable. Outputs if the balance is stable when a sample is loaded after the preceding sample has been removed and the balance indicated zero, or less.
O	5	4FH	35H	Outputs once if stable, and stops output when unstable. Even if the sample is not replaced, the balance is output once when it stabilizes next time (including the zero indication).
O	7	4FH	37H	Pressing Memory key causes the balance to output once when stable.
O	9	4FH	39H	Output once after stabilization.

※The output controls executed with commands [O0] - [O7] work the same as the output controls executed through function setup on the main unit of the balance.

The commands [O9] are data request commands issued to the balance.

※Once any command from [O0] to [O9] is executed, the balance runs that function until another command is entered. However, if the balance is switched off and on again, the output control is reset to the initial function (function set value).

9.5.3 Response Output

(1) Response output format

Composed of five characters, including the terminators (CR = 0DH; LF = 0AH)

1	2	3	4	5
A1	A2	A3	CR	LF

(2) Types of response outputs

A1	A2	A3	Code			Description
A	0	0	41H	30H	30H	Normal end
E	0	1	45H	30H	31H	Command error (Abnormal command received; other errors)




10. Operating the Balance with the Battery

This function can be used only when the balance is battery-operated.

10.1 Specifications



- Built-in nickel-cadmium battery
- Charging time: Approximately 12 hours
- Drive time: Approximately 24 continuous hours
- Number of charge/discharge cycles: 300 or more

10.2 Charging Method

※While the balance is battery-operated, [] stays on. The indicator displays [Lo-bAt] and flashes [] (charging required) when battery capacity decreases. If the balance flashes [], charge the battery by following these steps:

- (1) Connect the dedicated AC adaptor to the balance.
- (2) Turn the balance off.
- (3) Charging takes approximately 12 hours, with power switched off. Charging the battery longer than 12 hours decreases battery life.

10.3 User Precautions

1. Once charging is complete, use the balance without the AC adaptor to avoid over-charging. This can occur since the balance continues to charge the battery with a weak current when the power is switched on. Overcharging will also decrease battery life.
2. When the balance is used for the first time after purchase, the operating time may be shorter than when using a fully charged battery. This is due to natural discharge of the battery. Although the balance can be used while [] is flashing, it should be recharged as soon as possible.
3. When the battery displays no indication, or an indication disappears quickly after the balance is switched on, battery capacity is low. In these cases, either charge the battery immediately or plug in the AC adaptor.
4. Charging the battery while [] is displayed reduces battery life.
5. Operable hour will be shorten when [7. I.F. 1/2] is selected, because some power is consumed for interface even with no output.



Cautions

To operate the balance safely, observe the following (failure to do so could result in malfunctions, breakage, burst batteries, or fire):

1. Do not disassemble or modify the battery. Do not reverse the balance connection or short-circuit the positive and negative polarities of the balance.
2. Use only the supplied AC adaptor.
3. Do not incinerate used batteries. Dispose as hazardous material only.

11. Operating the Balance with the Dry Cell Battery (DBNT)





This function can be used only when the balance is dry-cell-battery-operated.

11.1 Specifications

- Cell type for use: 9 Volt (006P) (alkali type recommended)
- Drive time: Approximately 20 continuous hours

※depend on model, storage and operation condition

11.2 User Precautions

1. While the balance is battery-operated, [] stays on. The indicator displays [Lo-bAt] and flashes [] when battery capacity decreases. If the balance flashes [], change the battery at an early stage.
2. The balance can be operated with AC adaptor, while the dry cell battery is installed. ([] does not show in this case.)
3. Operable hour will be shorten when [7. I.F. 1/2] is selected, because some power is consumed for interface even with no output.



Cautions

To operate the balance safely, observe the following (failure to do so could result in malfunctions, breakage, burst batteries, or fire):

1. Do not disassemble or modify the battery. Do not reverse the balance connection or short-circuit the positive and negative polarities of the balance.
2. Use only the supplied AC adaptor.
3. Do not put batteries into fire.

12. Troubleshooting

※ The numbers in () indicate reference pages

Symptom	Cause	Possible remediation
There is no indication on the display.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The AC adapter is not connected. 	→ Check that the AC adapter is connected (12).
The display is unstable. [M] remains flashing without changing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The balance is subject to air currents or vibration. The balance is situated on an unstable surface. An object is contacting the sample being measured, the measuring pan, or the container. 	→ Check Precautions on the Use (2).
Weight indication contains an error.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An error was made in the zero adjustment procedure. The adjusters remain lifted, resulting in an incorrect level. The indication values are inconsistent after long hours of use, or because the balance has been moved to a new location. 	→ Review the zero adjustment (14). → Check the level (12).
The limit function does not work.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The limit function is not selected. The limit value has been erroneously entered. 	→ Check the operation of the limit function (26 on).
[Hdd] appears (▶) and a value flash at [LO].)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Likely to produce errors in the counting mode because the sample weight is insufficient. 	→ Execute the Memory Update Method (23).
[o-Err] appears before the capacity is reached.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Gross weight exceeded the capacity of the balance (weight range = container + weight of sample). A section of the mechanism is damaged. 	→ Check the total weight. → Execute zero adjustment again. → Contact our local dealer.
[u-Err] is displayed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A foreign object is caught between the measuring pan (pan base) and the balance. A section of the mechanism is damaged. 	→ Remove the measurement pan and examine the surface beneath it.
[b-Err] is displayed. [d-Err] is displayed.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The balance is exposed to static electricity or noise. The electrical system of the balance is malfunctioning. 	→ Contact our local dealer.
During battery installation: The indication disappears. [Lo-bAt] is display. [▶] flashes. No indication is produced.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The automatic power-off function was activated. The battery capacity is low.(AJ-NT) The dry cel battery capacity is low.(AJ-DBNT) 	→ Switch on the power again. Deactivate the Automatic power-off function, if necessary (17). → Recharge the battery (38).(AJ-NT) → Replace the dry cell battery(39).(AJ-DBNT) → Operate the balance with the AC adapter.

13. Specifications

13.1 Basic Specifications








Model	AJ-220NT /DBNT	AJ-320NT /DBNT	AJ-420NT /DBNT	AJ-620NT /DBNT	AJ-820NT /DBNT	AJ-1200NT /DBNT
Max	220g	320g	420g	620g	820g	1200g
Min	0.02g	0.02g	0.02g	0.1g	1g	0.5g
e	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g	0.1g
d	0.001g	0.001g	0.001g	0.001g	-	0.01g
Accuracy class	class II			class I		class II
Measurable unit weight in counting mode	0.03g	0.03g	0.03g	0.03g	0.03g	0.3g
Minimum weight in percentage mode	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	1g	1g
Weight measuring method	Tuning fork vibration method					
Pan Size	φ118 mm				170mm x 140mm	
Output	Compliant with RS232C					
Windshield	Provided				Not provided	
Option	Battery drive (Only AJ-NT)					

Model	AJ-2200NT /DBNT	AJ-3200NT /DBNT	AJ-4200NT /DBNT	AJ-6200NT /DBNT	AJ-8200NT /DBNT	AJ-12KNT /DBNT
Max	2200g	3200g	4200g	6200g	8200g	12000g
Min	0.5g	0.5g	0.5g	1g	5g	5g
e	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	0.1g	1g	1g
d	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g	0.01g	0.1g	0.1g
Accuracy class	class II			class I	class II	
Measurable unit weight in counting mode	0.3g	0.3g	0.3g	0.3g	3g	3g
Minimum weight in percentage mode	1g	1g	1g	1g	10g	10g
Weight measuring method	Tuning fork vibration method					
Pan Size	180mm x 160mm					
Output	Compliant with RS232C					
Windshield	Not provided					
Option	Battery drive (Only AJ-NT)					

13.2 Common Specifications

- (1) Zero adjustment range..... Total capacity
- (2) Liquid-crystal display (LCD)..... Seven segments (two segments in leading part) ,
Maximum digits indication: seven digits,
Segment height: 16.5 mm.
- (3) Overload indication..... [o-Err] is displayed if weight capacity + 9 intervals
are exceeded.
- (4) Compatible printer CSP-160
- (5) Operating temperature and humidity ranges .. 10°C to 30°C, 80%RH or less for class II
12.5°C to 27.5°C, 80%RH or less for class I
- (6) AC adapter..... Dedicated AC adapter: 120 V AC - 9 V DC
- (7) Lower limit of battery voltage 6V

13.3 Capacities and Minimum Indications for Different Indication Units

Model Unit of measurement displayed	AJ-220NT /DBNT	AJ-320NT /DBNT	AJ-420NT /DBNT	AJ-620NT /DBNT	AJ-820NT /DBNT	AJ-1200NT /DBNT
 (g)	220	320	420	620	820	1200
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.1
	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	-	0.01
 (ct)	1100	1600	2100	3100	4100	6000
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.05	0.05	1
	0.01	0.01	0.01	-	-	0.1
 (oz)	7.7	11	14	21	28	42
	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.0005	0.005
	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	-	-
 (lb)	0.48	0.7	0.92	1.3	1.8	2.6
	0.00005	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.00005	0.0005
	-	0.00001	0.00001	0.00001	-	-
 (ozt)	7	10	13	19	26	38
	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.0005	0.005
	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	-	-
 (dwt)	140	200	270	390	520	770
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.1
	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	-	0.01
 (grain)	3300	4900	6400	9500	12000	18000
	0.2	0.2	1	1	0.2	2
	-	-	0.1	0.1	-	-

Model Unit of measurement displayed	AJ-2200NT /DBNT	AJ-3200NT /DBNT	AJ-4200NT /DBNT	AJ-6200NT /DBNT	AJ-8200NT /DBNT	AJ-12KNT /DBNT
g	2200	3200	4200	6200	8200	12000
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1	1
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.1	0.1
ct (ct)	11000	16000	21000	31000	41000	60000
	1	1	1	0.5	5	5
	0.1	0.1	0.1	-	-	-
oz (oz)	77	110	140	210	280	420
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05
	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	-	-
lb (lb)	4.8	7	9.2	13	18	26
	0.0005	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.005	0.005
	-	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001	-	-
oz t (ozt)	70	100	130	190	260	380
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.05
	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	-	-
dwt (dwt)	1400	2000	2700	3900	5200	7700
	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	1	1
	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.1	0.1
▶ (grain)	33000	49000	64000	95000		
	2	2	10	10		
	-	-	1	1		

Reading the Table

Top line: Capacity
Middle line: Verification scale interval
Bottom line: Auxiliary scale interval

14. Conversion Table of Units

unit	gram	carat	ounce	pound	troy ounce	penny weight	grain
1g	1	5	0.03527	0.00220	0.03215	0.64301	15.43236
1ct	0.2	1	0.00705	0.00044	0.00643	0.12860	3.08647
1oz	28.34952	141.74762	1	0.06250	0.91146	18.22917	437.5
1lb	453.59237	2267.96185	16	1	14.58333	291.66667	7000
1ozt	31.10348	155.51738	1.09714	0.06857	1	20	480
1dwt	1.55517	7.77587	0.05486	0.00343	0.05	1	24
1GN	0.06480	0.32399	0.00229	0.00014	0.00208	0.04167	1